HOUSE BILL No. 1254

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 3-10-8; IC 3-11-4-4; IC 3-13.

Synopsis: Runoff elections for municipal offices. Requires holding a runoff election as a special election if none of the candidates for nomination for a municipal office receives more than 50% of the votes cast in the primary election. Requires holding a runoff election as a special election if none of the candidates for election to a municipal office receives more than 50% of the votes cast in the general or municipal election.

Effective: July 1, 2003.

Smith V, Brown C

January 13, 2003, read first time and referred to Committee on Elections and Apportionment.





First Regular Session 113th General Assembly (2003)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2002 Regular or Special Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1254

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning elections.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 3-10-8-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS

(4) Whenever a vacancy occurs in any local office the filling of

(6) Whenever ordered by a court under IC 3-12-8-17 or the state

[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 1. A special election shall be held
in the following cases:
(1) Whenever two (2) or more candidates for a federal, state,
legislative, circuit, or school board office receive the highest and
an equal number of votes for the office, except as provided in
Article 5, Section 5 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana or
in IC 20.
(2) Whenever a vacancy occurs in the office of United States
Senator as provided in IC 3-13-3-1.
(3) Whenever a vacancy occurs in the office of United States
Representative, unless the vacancy occurs less than thirty (30)

(5) Whenever required by law for a public question.

days before a general election.

which is not otherwise provided by law.



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1	recount commission under IC 3-12-11-18.
2	(7) Whenever required under section 10 of this chapter.
3	SECTION 2. IC 3-10-8-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
4	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided in
5	section 10 of this chapter, the governor, court, or state recount
6	commission shall order a special election under this chapter by issuing
7	a writ of election directed to the circuit court clerk of each county
8	located wholly or partially within the election district.
9	(b) The writ must specify:
10	(1) the election district in which the election is to be held;
11	(2) the cause and object of the election;
12	(3) the name of the person whose office is vacant; and
13	(4) the day on which the election will be held.
14	(c) A special election to be held in an election district situated in
15	two (2) or more counties shall be held on the same day in each county.
16	SECTION 3. IC 3-10-8-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
17	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 5. (a) Special elections are
18	governed by other provisions of this title as far as applicable.
19	(b) Except as provided in section 7 or 10 of this chapter,
20	IC 3-12-8-17, or IC 3-12-11-18, candidates in special elections shall be
21	nominated in the same manner as candidates are nominated:
22	(1) to fill vacancies on the ballot under IC 3-13-1 or IC 3-13-2; or
23	(2) under IC 3-8-6, if a candidate does not intend to affiliate with
24	a regular political party or represents a political party not
25	qualified to nominate candidates at a primary election or by
26	convention.
27	SECTION 4. IC 3-10-8-10 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
28	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
29	1, 2003]: Sec. 10. (a) A special election shall be held under this
30	section whenever both subdivisions (1) and (2) apply:
31	(1) There has been:
32	(A) a primary election to nominate candidates for election
33	to a municipal office; or
34	(B) a general or municipal election to fill a municipal
35	office.
36	(2) No candidate in the election referred to in subdivision (1)
37	received more than fifty percent (50%) of the votes cast in the
38	election.
39	(b) If a recount of the votes cast in the primary, general, or
40	municipal election does not change the result of the primary,
41	general, or municipal election as described in subsection (a)(2), the
42	special election held under this section shall be held on the ninth



1	Tuesday after the primary, general, or municipal election. The
2	circuit court clerk of the county containing the greatest percentage
3	of the population of the election district shall issue a writ of election
4	directed to the circuit court clerk of each county containing any
5	part of the election district. The writ must contain the information
6	required to be contained in a writ of election under section 3(b) of
7	this chapter.
8	(c) Only the candidate who received the greatest number of
9	votes and the candidate who received the next greatest number of
0	votes in the primary, general, or municipal election may be
1	candidates in a special election held under this section.
2	(d) The candidate who receives the greatest number of votes in
.3	a special election held under this section is considered to be:
4	(1) the candidate nominated by the candidate's party in the
.5	primary election; or
6	(2) the candidate elected to the office in the general or
7	municipal election.
8	(e) If a candidate vacancy among the candidates on the ballot in
9	a special election held under this section leaves only one (1)
20	candidate remaining, the remaining candidate is considered to be:
21	(1) the candidate nominated by the candidate's party in the
22	primary election; or
23	(2) the candidate elected to the office in the general or
24	municipal election.
25	(f) The municipality shall pay the costs of a special election held
26	under this section.
27	SECTION 5. IC 3-11-4-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.126-2002,
28	SECTION 50, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
29	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 4. (a) Applications may be made:
30	(1) in person;
31	(2) by fax transmission; or
32	(3) by mail;
33	on application forms furnished by the county election board or
34	approved by the commission.
35	(b) Application forms shall:
86	(1) be furnished to all central committees in the county no not
37	later than:
88	(A) June 15, for a general election or a special election ordered
39	under IC 3-10-8-10 , IC 3-12-8-17 or IC 3-12-11-18 following
10	the primary election;
11	(B) December 15, for a special election ordered under
12	IC 3-10-8-10 following the general or municipal election;
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1	or
2	(B) (C) January 15, for a primary election or a special election
3	ordered under IC 3-12-8-17 or IC 3-12-11-18 following the
4	general election;
5	(2) be:
6	(A) mailed; or
7	(B) transmitted by fax;
8	upon request, to a voter applying by mail, by telephone, or by fax;
9	and
10	(3) be delivered to a voter in person who applies at the circuit
11	court clerk's office.
12	(c) The county election board shall:
13	(1) accept; and
14	(2) transmit;
15	applications for absentee ballots under subsection (a) by fax. A county
16	election board shall accept an application for an absentee ballot
17	transmitted by fax even though the application is delivered to the
18	county election board by a person other than the person submitting the
19	application.
20	SECTION 6. IC 3-13-1-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
21	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 1. (a) Except as provided in
22	subsection (b) or section 18 or 20 of this chapter, this chapter applies
23	to the filling of a candidate vacancy that arises for any reason if the
24	vacancy leaves a major political party without a candidate for the office
25	and occurs before the thirtieth day before a general, special, or
26	municipal election.
27	(b) This chapter does not apply when there is a candidate
28	vacancy in a special election held under IC 3-10-8-10.
29	SECTION 7. IC 3-13-1-17 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
30	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 17. (a) This section
31	does not apply if a special election is required under IC 3-10-8-10.
32	(b) A candidate vacancy exists when a tie vote occurs for an office
33	in a primary election. The candidate vacancy shall be filled under
34	section 3, 4, 5, or 6 of this chapter.
35	SECTION 8. IC 3-13-2-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
36	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 1. (a) Except as provided in
37	subsection (b), this chapter applies to the filling of a candidate vacancy
38	that exists due to the:
39	(1) death of a political party's candidate;
40	(2) withdrawal of a candidate who has moved from the election
41	district;
42	(3) disgualification of a candidate under IC 3-8-1-5; or



1	(4) issuance of a court order under IC 3-8-7-29(d);
2	for nomination or election to an office at a general, municipal, or
3	special election after the thirty-first day before a general, municipal, or
4	special election.
5	(b) This chapter does not apply to a candidate vacancy that

(b) This chapter does not apply to a candidate vacancy that exists in a special election held under IC 3-10-8-10.





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